

Listing Resources		Displaying the State of Resources		Printing Container Logs	
kubectl get namespaces	Generate a plain-text list of all namespaces	kubectl describe nodes [node-name]	See details about a particular node	kubectl logs [pod-name]	Print logs from a pod
kubectl get pods	Generate a plain-text list of all pods	kubectl describe pods [pod-name]	See details about a particular pod	kubectl logs -f [pod-name]	Stream logs from a pod
kubectl get pods -o wide	Generate a detailed plain-text list of all pods	Kubectl describe -f pod.json	See details about a pod whose name and type are listed in pod.json	Resource Types - Short Names	
kubectl get pods --field-selector=spec.nodeName=[server-name]	Generate a list of all pods running on a particular node server	kubectl describe pods [replication-controller-name]	See details about all pods managed by a specific replication controller		
kubectl get replicationcontroller [replication-controller-name]	List a specific replication controller in plain text	kubectl describe pods	See details about all pods		
kubectl get replicationcontroller, services	Generate a plain-text list of all replication controllers and services	Deleting Resources			
kubectl get deamonset	Generate a plain-text list of all daemon sets	kubectl delete -f pod.yaml	Remove a pod using the name and type listed in pod.yaml:	Short name	Full name
Creating a Resource		kubectl delete pods,services -l [label-key]=[label-value]	Remove all the pods and services with a specific label:	csr	certificatesigningrequests
kubectl create namespace [namespace-name]	Create a new namespace	kubectl delete pods --all	Remove all pods. The command will include uninitialized pods as well	cs	componentstatuses
kubectl create -f [filename]	Create a resource from a JSON or YAML file	Executing a Command		cm	configmaps
Applying & Updating a Resource		kubectl exec [pod-name] -- [command]	Receive output from a command run on the first container in a pod:	ds	daemonsets
kubectl apply -f [service-name].yaml	Create a new service with the definition contained in [service-name].yaml	kubectl exec [pod-name] -c [container-name] -- [command]	Receive output from a command run on a specific container in a pod	deploy	deployments
kubectl apply -f [controller-name].yaml	Create a new replication controller with the definition contained in [controller-name].yaml	kubectl exec -ti [pod-name] -- /bin/bash	Run /bin/bash from a specific pod. The output received comes from the first container	ep	endpoints
kubectl apply -f [directory-name]	Create the objects defined in any .yaml, .yml, or .json file in a directory	Modifying kubeconfig Files		ev	events
kubectl edit svc/[service-name]	Edit a service	kubectl config current-context	Display the current context	hpa	horizontalpodautoscalers
KUBE_EDITOR=" [editor-name]" kubectl edit svc/[service-name]	Edit a service in a non-default editor	kubectl config set-cluster [cluster-name] --server= [server-name]	Set a cluster entry in kubeconfig	ing	ingresses
		kubectl config unset [property-name]	Unset an entry in kubeconfig	limits	limitranges
				ns	namespaces
				no	nodes
				pvc	persistentvolumeclaims
				pv	persistentvolumes
				po	pods
				pdb	poddisruptionbudgets
				psp	podsecuritypolicies
				rs	replicasets
				rc	replicationcontrollers
				quota	resourcequotas
				sa	serviceaccounts
				svc	services